

# EAST GOSCOTE PARISH COUNCIL

## **SAFEGUARDING ADULTS' POLICY AND PROCEDURE**



**Approved by:**

Full Council

**Date:** 14/09/2022

**Last reviewed:**

**Next review due:**

## Safeguarding Adults Policy and Procedure

East Goscote Parish Council policy follows guidelines set out in the Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland Safeguarding Adults: Multi agency Policy and Procedures. This should be read in conjunction with this policy and can be viewed on the following link: <http://lrsb.org.uk/adults>

Our Council is committed to supporting the right of adults at risk to be protected from abuse, to make sure we all work together in line with the Leicester, Leicestershire, and Rutland Safeguarding Adults: Multiagency Policies and Procedures, and act promptly when dealing with allegations or suspicions of abuse.

Our Designated Safeguarding Officers:

**Laurie Needham**      Contact number: 07807 399879

### We think that:

**SAFEGUARDING IS EVERYBODY'S BUSINESS** – Safeguarding is the responsibility of everyone. We will work together to prevent and minimise abuse. If we have concerns that someone is being abused our loyalty to safeguard the person comes before anything else. This includes our Council, other service users, our colleagues and the person's friends and family.

**DOING NOTHING IS NOT AN OPTION** – If we know or suspect that a vulnerable adult is being abused, we will do something about it and ensure our work is properly recorded. We will work within the boundaries of the Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland's Multi-Agency Safeguarding Adults Policy and Procedures.

### People who may be vulnerable to abuse

The definition for vulnerable adults is people who are over 18 years of age, and are getting or may need help and services to live in the community. Vulnerable adults may be unable to take care of themselves and unable to protect themselves from harm or exploitation by other people.

This includes people: -

- With learning disabilities
- With physical disabilities
- With sensory disabilities
- With mental ill health
- With brain injuries
- With a drug or alcohol dependency
- With dementia
- Who are frail due to their age

Abuse is a violation of an individual's human and civil rights by any other person(s) or group of people. Abuse may be single or repeated acts. It can be:

**Physical abuse:** for example, hitting, slapping, burning, pushing, restraining, or giving the wrong medication.

**Psychological abuse:** including emotional abuse, threats of harm, shouting, swearing, frightening, blaming, ignoring, or humiliating a person, threats of harm or abandonment, intimidation, verbal abuse.

**Financial:** including the illegal or unauthorised use of a person's property, money, pension book or other valuables, pressure in connection with wills, property, or inheritance.

**Sexual:** such as forcing a person to take part in any sexual activity without his or her informed consent – this can occur in any relationship.

**Discriminatory:** including racist or sexist remarks or comments based on a person's disability, age or illness, and other forms of harassment, slurs, or similar treatment. This also includes stopping someone from being involved in religious or cultural activity, services, or support networks.

**Institutional:** the collective failure of an organisation to provide an appropriate and professional service to people at risk of abuse. This includes a failure to ensure the necessary safeguards are in place to protect adults and maintain good standards of care in accordance with individual needs, including training of staff, supervision and management, record keeping and liaising with other providers of care.

**Domestic Abuse:** incident or pattern of incidents of controlling coercive or threatening behaviour, violence, or abuse by someone that can be a partner or family member, regardless of gender or sexuality.

**Neglect and acts of omission:** including ignoring medical or physical care needs. These can be deliberate or unintentional, amounting to abuse by a carer or self-neglect by the vulnerable person: for example, where a person is deprived of food, heat, clothing, comfort, or essential medication, or failing to provide access to appropriate health or social care services.

### **How Might We Notice Abuse?**

Concerns about or evidence of abuse can come to us through:

1. A direct disclosure by the adult.
2. A complaint or expression of concern by a volunteer, a carer, a member of the public or relative.
3. An observation of the behaviour of the person by the volunteer, member of the public or carer.

### **Our Commitment**

To safeguard adults who are experiencing, or at risk from, abuse, East Goscote Parish Council is committed to:

- Identifying the nature of abuse of vulnerable adults where it is occurring

- Responding effectively to any circumstances giving grounds for concern, or where formal complaints or expressions of anxiety are expressed
- Ensuring the active participation of individuals, families, groups, and communities wherever possible and appropriate
- Raising awareness of the extent of abuse on vulnerable adults and its impact on them
- Promoting and supporting work designed to reduce abuse and the fear of abuse as experienced by vulnerable adults
- Regularly monitoring and evaluating how our policies, procedures and practices for safeguarding adults are working
- Making sure our policies, procedures and practices stay up to date with good practice and the law in relation to safeguarding vulnerable adults
- Ensuring our procedures are in line with the Multi-Agency Safeguarding Procedures

### **Prevention and Confidentiality**

All Councillors and Staff employed by East Goscote Parish Council will be requested to read the Council's Safeguarding Policy and Procedure.

We will work with the person in a way that meets all the aspects of confidentiality, but where abuse to a person is alleged, suspected, reported or concerns are raised, the East Goscote Parish Council's Safeguarding Adults Procedure must be followed. The confidentiality of the vulnerable person will be respected wherever possible, and their consent obtained to share information. The person should be made aware that councillors, staff, and volunteers cannot ignore issues around abuse and that steps will be taken to deal with them in as sensitive a manner as possible. The welfare of the individual is paramount.

### **Useful Contacts**

Police	999
Non - emergency	101
Adult Social Care	0116 305 0004

(Additional contact numbers in Appendix)

### **Safeguarding Procedure in Detail**

If you think abuse has or may have occurred act immediately.

It is the responsibility of the person first becoming aware of a situation where there may be a person subject to, or at risk of, abuse to:

### **Make Safe**

Deal with the immediate needs of the person. This may mean taking reasonable steps to ensure the adult is in no immediate danger and seeking medical treatment if required as a matter of urgency.

Do NOT discuss the allegation of abuse with the alleged perpetrator.

If the allegation is about a volunteer of any organisation, ensure that the allegation is properly managed by reporting the allegation to the designated safeguarding officer.

### **Inform**

Tell the designated safeguarding officer immediately or as soon as practical who will help to deal with the issue. Contact the police if it is thought a crime has just been committed.

### **Record**

Record details of the allegation as soon as possible somewhere that can be kept secure. Include:

1. You think abuse has or may have occurred. Act immediately.
  - Make sure the person is safe.
  - Inform the designated safeguarding officer or volunteer coordinator immediately.
  - Contact the police if it is thought a crime has just been committed.
  - Record details of the allegation.
2. Bringing the concern to the attention of the designated safeguarding officer who will discuss the allegation / concerns with the local authority referral agency or the police straight away. Social services or the police will decide what to do next.
3. Clarify the facts stated by the member of staff but do NOT in any circumstances discuss the allegation of abuse with the alleged perpetrator or, if possible, the victim.
4. Check that the circumstances fall within the safeguarding adults' procedures i.e., meeting the definition of abuse as defined in this Policy and Procedures. If at all uncertain a referral should be made to Social Services.

The person making the referral should ideally have the following information available; however, the lack of any of this information should not delay the referral:

- The name of the adult
- Date of birth and age
- Address and telephone number
- Why the adult is considered at risk/or is being abused
- Whether consent has obtained for the referral, and if not the reasons e.g., the person lacks mental capacity or there is an over-riding public interest (e.g., where other adults are at risk)
- Whether there are any concerns or doubts about the mental capacity of the person
- Whether the police are aware of the allegation, and whether a police investigation is underway

### **What if someone does not want me to report concerns?**

- Explain that you must discuss these concerns with your designated safeguarding officer
- Explain that other people may be at risk.

- There may be other issues that they are not aware of.

Signed.....

(Chair)

Date.....

## **Appendix**

### **Advice and Information on Safeguarding Adults**

**ACTION ON ELDER ABUSE:** [www.elderabuse.org.uk](http://www.elderabuse.org.uk)

Tel: 020 8764 7648

Helpline: 0808 808 8141 (Monday to Friday 10.00 am to 4.30 p.m.)

### **ANN CRAFT TRUST**

A national association working with staff in the interests of people with learning disabilities who may be at risk from abuse: [www.anncrafttrust.org](http://www.anncrafttrust.org)

Tel: 0115 9515400

### **PROTECT**

Whistleblowing blowing charity – aim to stop harm by whistleblowing.: [www.protect-advice.org.uk](http://www.protect-advice.org.uk)

Tel: 020 3117 2520

### **RESPOND**

A service offering psychotherapy for people with learning disabilities who have been sexually abused or who are perpetrators of sexual abuse. Also provides consultancy and training for professionals:

[www.respond.org.uk](http://www.respond.org.uk)

Tel: 0207 3830700

Help line: 0845 606 1503 1.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Mon.- Fri.

**NATIONAL DOMESTIC VIOLENCE HELPLINE:** [www.nationaldomesticviolencehelpline.org.uk](http://www.nationaldomesticviolencehelpline.org.uk)

Tel: 0808 2000 247

**NSPCC:** [www.nspcc.org.uk](http://www.nspcc.org.uk)

Helpline: 0800 800 500

**THE SAMARITANS:** [www.samaritans.org](http://www.samaritans.org)

08457 909090

**THINK JESSICA – support with scams:** [www.thinkjessica.com](http://www.thinkjessica.com)

**TRADING STANDARDS SERVICE:** [telltradingstandards@leics.gov.uk](mailto:telltradingstandards@leics.gov.uk)

0116 3058000 (for professionals only)

**VICTIM SUPPORT:** [www.victimsupport.org](http://www.victimsupport.org)

0845 3030900